GANDHI INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND MANAGEMENT (GITAM)



(Declared as Deemed to be University u/s 3 of UGC Act, 1956)

Visakhapatnam | Hyderabad | Bengaluru

Accredited by NAAC with A++ Grade

Website: www.gitam.edu

GITAM SCHOOL OF SCIENCE

PhD Entrance Test Syllabus

PhD in Science: Chemistry

a) Inorganic Chemistry

- 1. Chemical periodicity
- 2. Structure and bonding in homo- and hetero nuclear molecules, including shapes of molecules (VSEPR Theory).
- 3. Concepts of acids and bases, Hard-Soft acid base concept, non-aqueous solvents.
- 4. Main group elements and their compounds: Allotropy, synthesis, structure, and bonding,
 - industrial importance of the compounds.
- 5. Transition elements and coordination compounds: structure, bonding theories, spectral and magnetic properties, reaction mechanisms.
- 6. Organometallic compounds: synthesis, bonding and structure, and reactivity. Organometallics in homogeneous catalysis.
- 7. Cages and metal clusters.
- 8. Analytical chemistry- separation, spectroscopic, electro- and thermos analytical methods.
- 9. Bioinorganic chemistry: photosystems, porphyrins, metallo enzymes, oxygen transport, electron- transfer reactions; nitrogen fixation, metal complexes in medicine.
- 10. Nuclear chemistry: nuclear reactions, fission and fusion
- 11. Solid state Chemistry: Crystal structures Crystallographic point groups; Description of structures AB, AB2, A2B3, ABO3 (perovskite) and AB2O4Spinels structures.
- 12. Mechanisms of Inorganic Reactions: Energy profile of a reaction, reactivity of metal complexes, inert and labile complexes. Factors affecting acid hydrolysis, base hydrolysis, conjugate base mechanism. Oxidation-reduction reactions, mechanism of one electron transfer reactions, Inner sphere, outer sphere, and mixed redox reactions.

Physical Chemistry

- 1. Basic principles of quantum mechanics: Postulates; operator algebra; exactly-solvable systems: particle-in-a-box, harmonic oscillator and the hydrogen atom, including shapes of atomic orbitals; orbital and spin angular momenta; tunneling.
- 2. Approximate methods of quantum mechanics: Variational principle; perturbation theory up to second order in energy; applications.

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- 3. Atomic structure and spectroscopy; term symbols; many-electron systems and anti symmetry principle.
- 4. Chemical bonding in diatomics; elementary concepts of MO and VB theories; Huckel theory for conjugated π -electron systems.
- 5. Chemical applications of group theory; symmetry elements; point groups; character tables; selection rules.
- 6. Molecular spectroscopy: Rotational and vibrational spectra of diatomic molecules; electronic spectra; IR and Raman activities selection rules; basic principles of magnetic resonance.
- 7. Chemical thermodynamics: Laws, state and path functions and their applications; thermodynamic description of various types of processes; Maxwell's relations; spontaneity and equilibria; temperature and pressure dependence of thermodynamic quantities; Le Chatelier principle; elementary description of phase transitions; phase equilibria and phase rule; thermodynamics of ideal and non-ideal gases, and solutions.
- 8. Statistical thermodynamics: Boltzmann distribution; kinetic theory of gases; partition functions and their relation to thermodynamic quantities calculations for model systems.
- 9. Electrochemistry: Nernst equation, redox systems, electrochemical cells; DebyeHuckel theory; electrolytic conductance Kohlrausch's law and its applications; ionic equilibria; conductometric and potentiometric titrations.
- 10. Chemical kinetics: Empirical rate laws and temperature dependence; complex reactions; steady state approximation; determination of reaction mechanisms; collision and transition state theories of rate constants; unimolecular reactions; enzyme kinetics; salt effects; homogeneous catalysis; photochemical reactions
- 11. Colloids and surfaces: Stability and properties of colloids; isotherms and surface area; heterogeneous catalysis.
- 12. Solid state: Crystal structures; Bragg's law and applications; band structure of solids.
- 13. Polymer chemistry: Molar masses; kinetics of polymerization.
- 14. Symmetry and Group Theory: Symmetry elements, Group Axioms (laws), Character table.

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Organic Chemistry

- 1. IUPACnomenclature of organic molecules including regio-and stereoisomers.
- 2. Principles of stereochemistry: Configurational and conformational isomerism in a cyclic and cyclic compounds; stereogenicity, stereoselectivity, enantioselectivity, dias tereoselectivity and asymmetric induction.
- 3. Aromaticity: Benzenoidandnon-benzenoidcompounds—generation and reactions.
- 4. Organic reactive intermediates: Generation, stability and reactivity of carbocations, carbanions, free radicals, carbenes, benzynesandnitrenes.
- Organic reaction mechanisms involving addition, elimination and substitution reactions with electrophilic, nucleophilic or radical species.
 Determination of reaction pathways.
- 6. Commonnamedreactions and rearrangements—applications in organic synthesis.
- 7. Synthesis and reactivity of common heterocyclic compounds containing one or two heteroatoms (O,N,S).
- 8. Structure determination of organic compounds by IR, UV-Vis, ¹H& ¹³CNMR and Mass spectroscopic techniques

Analytical Chemistry

- 1. Data analysis: Mean and standard deviation; absolute and relative errors; linear regression; covariance and correlation coefficient
- 2. Fundamental principles and Instrumentation of the following: UV Visible spectroscopy, Atomic Emission& Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy, X-ray Fluorescence spectroscopy, Voltametry, Thermogravimetry, HPLC and GC